THE [*Numb.* 857.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *October* 8, 1761.

FROM THE *LONDON* GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

WHITEHALL, July 20, 1761.

THIS Morning arrived the Honourable Capt. Monckton, from India, with the following Letter from Colonel Coote, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary PITT.

SIR, *Head-Quarters, Pondicherry, Feb.* 3, 1761.

IN my laſt, by the Shaftſbury Indiaman, I had the Honour to tranſmit to you an Account of my Proceedings with the Army to the 18th of laſt October. On the 23d Admiral Stevens ſailed from Trincamaley to refit the Squadron, leaving five Sail of the Line, under the Command of Captain Haldane, to continue the Blockade of Pondicherry by Sea, which Place began to be greatly diſtreſſed for Want of Proviſions. On the 9th of November I ordered a Ricochet Battery for four Pieces of Cannon to be erected to the Northward, at about 1400 Yards from the Town, more with Deſign to harraſs the Enemy, than any Damage we could think of doing the Works at ſo great Diſtance. On the 10th we began to land our Stores, and to prepare every Thing for carrying on the Siege with Vigour. The Rains being over by the 26th, I imagined the Diſtreſſes of the Enemy might be much augmented, and Garriſon Duty rendered very fatiguing, if ſome Batteries were erected on different Quarters of the Town: I therefore gave Directions to the Engineers to pitch upon proper Places, at ſuch Diſtances, and in ſuch Situations, that the Shot from them might enfilade the Works of the Garriſon, and our Men and Guns not expoſed to any certain Fire of the Enemy. Accordingly the following Batteries were traced out, one called the Prince of Wales's) for 4 Guns, near the Beach, on the North Side, to enfilade the Great Street, which runs North and South through the White Town: One for four Guns, and two Mortars, to the Northweſt Quarter, at 1000 Yards Diſtance, to enfilade the North Face of a large Counter-guard, before the Northweſt Baſtion, called the Duke of Cumberland's: A third, called Prince Edward's, for 2 Guns, to the Southward, at 1200 Yards Diſtance, to enfilade the Streets from South to North, ſo as to croſs the Fire from the Northern Battery: And a fourth to the Southweſt, called Prince William's, for two Guns, and one Mortar, at 1100 Yards Diſtance, in order to deſtroy the Guns at Thomas's Redoubt, and to ruin the Veſſels and Boats near it. On the 8th of December, at Midnight, they were all opened together, and continued firing till Day-light. On the 9th the Enemy kept up a warm Fire on our Batteries, without doing much Damage to them. This Day one Gunner, and a Subedar of Seapoys, were killed. On the 25th Admiral Stevens, with 4 Ships of the Line, arrived off Pondicherry, having parted with Admiral Corniſh and his Diviſion, on the 16th Inſtant, in blowing Weather. On the 29th, a Battery, called the Hanover, was begun, for 10 Guns, and 3 Mortars, to the Northward, at 450 Yards Diſtance from the Town, againſt the Northweſt Counter-guard and Curtain.

On the firſt of January, we had a very violent Storm of Wind and Rain: It began at Eight o'Clock in the Evening, and laſted till between Three and Four the next Morning. I gave Directions for the Repairing our Batteries, which the Storm had alſo ruined, and the putting every Thing into the beſt Order our preſent Situation would admit. On the 4th we had the agreeable Sight of Admiral Stevens in the Norfolk, who had the good Fortune to weather out the Storm, without ſuffering the leaſt Damage. On the 5th I attacked a Poſt of very great Conſequence to the Enemy, in which were four 28 Pounders, called St. Thomas's Redoubt, and carried it without any Loſs. At Day-light, on the 6th, 300 of the Enemy's Grenadiers retook it, owing to the Officer commanding the Redoubt not being able to keep his Seapoys together. This Day Admiral Corniſh in the Lenox, with the York and Weymouth, arrived; and as moſt of the Ships, which had been diſabled, were now refitted, the Blockade of Pondicherry was as compleat as ever. On the 12th, the Hanover Battery, being repaired, kept up a very briſk Fire, and greatly damaged the Counter-guard and Baſtion, and made a Breach in the Curtain. On the 13th, in the Evening, I ordered a working Party of 700 Europeans, and 400 Laſcars, with the Pioneer's Company, under the Command of a Major, to the Northward, where the Engineers had traced out a Battery for 11 Guns, and 3 Mortars. At Eight o'Clock they began a Trench for introducing Gabions of four Feet high, which were to form the interior Facing of the Battery. At the ſame Time a Parallel was begun, 90 Yards in the Rear, of 250 Yards long, and an Approach of 400 Yards in Length. Notwithſtanding the Moon ſhone very bright, and the Battery within 500 Yards of the Walls, every Thing went on without the leaſt Diſturbance from the Enemy. By Morning ſix Embraſures were in a Condition to receive Guns, and the Reſt far advanced. This was called the Royal Battery. On the 14th, the Hanover Battery kept up a conſtant Fire the whole Day, which intirely ruined the Weſt Face and Flank of the Northweſt Baſtion. On the 15th, the Royal Battery was opened, which, by Eight o'Clock in the Morning, ſilenced the Fire of the Enemy, and gave us an Opportunity of Beginning a Trench, to contain our royal Mortars, and 3 Guns, for the more ſpeedy Demolition of the Demi-baſtion and Ravelin of Madraſs Gate. This Evening Colonel Durre, of the royal Artillery, the Chief of the Jeſuits, and two Civilians, were ſent out by M. Lally, with Propoſals for the Delivering up the Garriſon, a Copy of which I have the Honour to incloſe you, and my Anſwer thereto. Alſo a Copy of the ſeveral Articles delivered me by the Chief of the Jeſuits, on Behalf of the French Eaſt-India Company, to which I made no Reply. On the 16th, at Eight in the Morning, the Grenadiers of my Regiment took Poſſeſſion of the Villenour Gate; and, in the Evening, thoſe of Draper's, of the Citadel. The Commiſſaries were immediately ordered to take an Account of all the military Stores found in the Garriſon, and Returns to be given in, of the Numbers of Officers, Non-commiſſioned and Private, of the different Corps, at the Time the Place ſurrendered, as well as the Number of Inhabitants; all of which I have now the Honour to tranſmit to you, as well as a Plan of the Garriſon, with the Works carried, and intended to be carried on, againſt it.

It is with the greateſt Pleaſure I acquaint you, that during the whole Time of the Blockade, a perfect Harmony ſubſiſted between the Navy and Army, and all poſſible Aſſiſtance given me by Admiral Stevens. I ſhould likewiſe do great Injuſtice to Captain Haldane, if I omitted to mention his Attention and Aſſiduity for the public Service, during his having the command of the Ships left on the Coaſt by Mr. Stevens, and of his doing every Thing that could be wiſhed or expected from a good and gallant Officer. I have the Honour to be, &c. EYRE COOTE.

Tranſlation of Mr. Lally's Propoſals for the Delivery of the Garriſon.

THE taking of Chandernagore, contrary to the Faith of Treaties, and of that Neutrality which has always ſubſiſted between all European Nations, and namely between the two Nations in this Part of India; and that immediately after a ſignal Service which the French Nation had rendered the Engliſh, not only in taking no part againſt them with the Nabob of Bengal, but in receiving them in their Settlements, to give them Time to recover from their firſt Loſſes (as appears by the Letters of Thanks from Mr. Pigot himſelf, and from the Council of Madraſs to that of Pondicherry) added to the formal Refuſal of fulfilling the Conditions of a Cartel agreed upon between our reſpective Maſters, tho' it was at firſt accepted by Mr. Pigot, and the Commiſſaries were named on both Sides to go to Madraſs, to ſettle amicably the Difficulties which might occur in its Execution, put it out of my Power, with reſpect to my Court, to make or propoſe to Mr. Coote any Capitulation for the Town of Pondicherry.

The King's Troops, and thoſe of the Company, ſurrender themſelves, for want of Proviſions, Priſoners of War of his Britannick Majeſty, upon the Terms of the Cartel, which I reclaim equally for all the Inhabitants of Pondicherry, as well as for the Exerciſe of the Roman Religion, the Religious Houſes, Hoſpitals, Chaplains, Surgeons, Servants, &c. referring myſelf to the Deciſion of our two Courts for Reparation, proportioned to the Violation of ſo ſolemn a Treaty.

Accordingly Mr. Coote may take Poſſeſſion To-morrow Morning at Eight o'Clock of the Gate of Villenour; and after To-morrow at the ſame Hour of that of Fort St. Louis; and as he has the Power in his own Hands, he will dictate ſuch ulterior Diſpoſitions to be made, as he ſhall judge proper.

I demand, merely from a Principle of Juſtice and Humanity, that the Mothers and Siſters of Rezaſail be permitted to ſeek an Aſylum where they pleaſe, or that they remain Priſoners among the Engliſh, and be not delivered up into Mahomet Ally Caun's Hands, which are ſtill red with the Blood of the Huſband and Father, that he has ſpilt, to the Shame indeed of thoſe who gave them up to him; but not leſs to the Shame of the Commander of the Engliſh Army, who ſhould not have allowed ſuch a Piece of Barbarity to be committed in his Camp.

As I am tied up by the Cartel in the Declaration which I make to Mr. Coote, I conſent that the Gentlemen of the Council of Pondicherry may make their own Repreſentations to him, with regard to what may more immediately concern their own private Intereſts, as well as the Intereſt of the Inhabitants of that Colony.

Done at Fort Louis, off Pondicherry, the 15th Day of January, 1761. Signed, LALLY.

To Col. COOTE, Commander in Chief of his Britannick Majeſty's Forces before Pondicherry.

A true Copy. FRANCIS ROWLAND, *Sec.*

ARTICLES propoſed to Colonel COOTE, by the Chief of the Jeſuits; to which no Anſwer was returned.

The Superior Council of Pondicherry, authoriſed by the Count de Lally, Lieutenant-General of the Armies of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and his Commiſſary in India, to treat for the ſaid Town and its Inhabitants, preſent the following Articles to Col. Coote, Commander of His Britannick Majeſty's Troops on the Coaſt of Coromandel.

ARTICLE I.

UPON the Reduction of the Place, its Inhabitants ſhall not in any wiſe be injured; their Houſes ſhall be preſerved, and they ſhall retain all their Effects and Merchandize, with Liberty of Choice to convey them wherever they ſhall think proper, or to continue their Dwelling in the ſaid Town, as new Subjects of his Britannick Majeſty; and they ſhall be treated as the old Subjects have uſually been treated; accordingly, thoſe who have heretofore had Poſſeſſions or Advantages, ſhall not be deprived of them.

II. They ſhall be maintained in the Exerciſe of the Roman Catholic Religion, in the ſame Manner as has been practiſed under the French Government. The Churches and the Houſes of the Eccleſiaſtics and Religious Perſons ſhall be preſerved, together with every thing thereunto belonging, whether they be ſituated without or within the Town. The Miſſionaries ſhall have Liberty of paſſing from Place to Place, and ſhall find, under the Engliſh Flag, the ſame Protection as under the French Flag.

III. Not only the Buildings and Houſes belonging to private Perſons, whether Laymen, Eccleſiaſtics, or Religious Perſons, ſhall be left in the Condition they are, but alſo the Building belonging to the Company, as well as the Fort, the Warehouſes, and the Walls of the Town, with all the Fortifications, until the Date of theſe laſt, that is to ſay, every Thing of this Kind, belonging to the Company, ſhall be decided by the two reſpective Courts.

IV. The Papers of the Regiſtry and the Notary Office, on which depend the Fortunes of the Inhabitants, ſhall be ſent to France, without any Obſtacle, by ſuch Conveyances as they ſhall think fit, who are now charged with them, and in whoſe Poſſeſſion they ſhall, in the mean Time, remain.

V. The Treatment, herein before ſtipulated by the firſt Article, for the Inhabitants of Pondicherry, ſhall be extended to all the Members of the Council, Company's Agents, Officers ſettled in the ſaid Town, and all others, who have been or now are, in the Service of the Company, and ſo in like Manner to the Merchants, whether Armenians, or of any other Nation, ſettled heretofore in Pondicherry for their Trade.

VI. The Creoles, or Natives of Mauritius, and of Bourbon, amounting in Number to Forty-one, including Five Officers, as well thoſe who are in Health, as thoſe who have been wounded, or are Invalids, having ſerved as Volunteers, and not being Soldiers, ſhall have the Liberty of returning to their Homes by the firſt good Opportunity they may find.

VII. Safe-Guards ſhall be granted, to prevent Diſorder.

VIII. All the foregoing Articles ſhall be executed agreeable to good Faith.

A true Copy. FRANCIS ROWLAND, *Sec.*

Return of Braſs and Iron Ordnance, Cartridges, Powder, Shot, and Small Arms, found on the Works of Pondicherry, Town, Citadel, and Artillery Park.

Braſs Ordnance 81 ſerviceable, and 2 Ditto unſerviceable; Iron Ditto 436, and 48 Ditto unſerviceable; Braſs Howtzers 13; Iron Ditto 2; Braſs Mortars 82; Iron Ditto 7; Carriages of different Sorts 326 ſerviceable, 58 unſerviceable; Mortar Beds, Wood 46; Ditto Iron 7; Double headed Shot 182; Lead Shot of different Nature 60264; Shells and Hand Granades 22599; Grape-ſhot 1095; Powder in Barrels of 200 lb. each 207 Barrels ſerviceable; Ditto in Barrels of 100 lb. each 1488 Half Barrels ſerviceable; Total of Powder 230580 lb. Barrels unſerviceable 56; Powder in Cartridges of different Nature 40330 lb.

Excluſive of Small Arms Ammunition.

Ammunition fixed for	Wall Pieces	2907
	Muſkets	368640
	Carbines	98980
	Piſtols	46830
	Gingalls	20700

Muſkets new with Bayonets, 1550; Ditto new without Bayonets, 325; Ditto with Locks, moſtly bad, 2351; Ditto unſerviceable, between 7 and 8000; Engliſh Wall Pieces, good, 18; Ditto bad, 8; French Wall Pieces, good, 190; Gingall Pieces, old, 73; Carbines 35; Fuzees long, new 120; Ditto old 50; Ditto ſhort 30; Piſtols, new Pairs, 600; Ditto old Pairs 310; Hangers new 3200; Sabres new 1000; Broad Swords and Sabres mixed 195; Bayonets new 3000; Ditto old 500; Pole Axes 1200; Cartouch Boxes new 3000; Ditto old 2000; Flints about 20 Hogſheads; Muſket Balls 6 Barrels; Ditto 80 Kegs; Iron Ramrods about 12000; Copper Drums 15; Wood ditto 17; Eſpontoons old 28; Cartridge Boxes of different Sizes 20860.

A ſmall Quantity of fixed Ammunition.

Ladles of different Sizes 265; Spunges Ditto, moſtly old, 430; Lead Aprons of different Sizes 360; Wadhooks Ditto 50; Grates for heating Shot 2; with a large Quantity of Muſket-ſlings, Buff-belts, Armourers, Smiths and Carpenters Tools; Locks and other Lumber.

Pondicherry, January 27, 1761. *(Signed)* CHARLES MILTON, *Military Commiſſary General.*

E. CHANDLER, *Commiſſary of Artillery.*

An exact Number of the Troops, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Lally, in Pondicherry, which ſurrendered at Diſcretion (to Colonel Eyre Coote, commanding in Chief his Britannic Majeſty's Forces, laying Siege to that Place) the 15th Day of January, 1761, *Priſoners of War.*

King's Troops.	
Artillery,	83
Lorrain Regiment,	327
Lally's Regiment,	230
Marines,	295
Company's Troops.	
Artillery,	94
Cavalry,	15
Volunteers of Bourbon,	40
Battalion of India,	192
Invalids,	124
Total,	1400

Supernumerary Commiſſioned and Extraordinary Staff,	37
Total of the Troops, — — —	1437
Civil Liſt, including Governor, Council and Inhabitants,	331
Grand Total of thoſe Returns, — —	1818
People ſince found out, not included in the foregoing Liſt.	
Surgeons, &c. of Hoſpitals, — —	39
Attendants to ditto, — — —	9
Invalids of the German Brigade, — —	29
Men diſcharged and remain in the Town, —	173
Provoſt People, — — — —	4
Total, — — — —	254

Colonel COOTE's Anſwer to M. LALLY's Propoſals.

THE Particulars of the Capture of Chandernagore having been long ſince tranſmitted to his Britannick Majeſty, by the Officer to whom that Place ſurrendered, Colonel Coote cannot take Cognizance of what paſſed on that Occaſion; nor can he admit the ſame as any way relative to the Surrender of Pondicherry.

The Diſputes which have ariſen concerning the Cartel concluded between their Britannick and Moſt Chriſtian Majeſties, being as yet undecided, Colonel Coote has it not in his Power to admit, that the Troops of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and thoſe of the French Eaſt-India Company, ſhall be deemed Priſoners of War to his Britannick Majeſty, upon the Terms of that Cartel; but requires that they ſurrender themſelves Priſoners of War to be uſed as he ſhall think conſiſtent with the Intereſts of the King his Maſter. And Col. Coote will ſhew all ſuch Indulgences as are agreeable to Humanity.

Colonel Coote will ſend the Grenadiers of his Regiment, between the Hours of Eight and Nine o'Clock To-morrow Morning, to take Poſſeſſion of the Villenour Gate; and the next Morning, between the ſame Hours, he will alſo take Poſſeſſion of the Gate of Fort St. Louis.

The Mother and Siſters of Rezaſail ſhall be eſcorted to Madraſs, where proper Care ſhall be taken for their Safety; and they ſhall not on any Account, be delivered into the Hands of Nabob Mahumed Ally Caun.

Given at the Head-Quarters of the Camp before Pondicherry, this 15th Day of January, 1761.

Signed, EYRE COOTE.

To Arthur Lally, Eſq; Lieut. Gen. and Commander in Chief of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Forces in India, at Pondicherry.

A true Copy. FRANCIS ROWLAND, *Sec.*

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, *July* 20.

THIS Morning Capt. Hughes, late Commander of his Majeſty's Ship York, arrived here with Diſpatches from Rear Admiral Stevens, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Ships in the Eaſt-Indies.

Rear Admiral Stevens, in his Letter of the 6th and 7th of February laſt, to Mr. Cleveland, informs the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, That Pondicherry ſurrendered to his Majeſty's Arms on the 15th of the preceding Month, having been very diligently blockaded by his Majeſty's Squadron under his Command, for Eight Months; and for a conſiderable Time by Col. Coote, Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Land Forces. General Lally, in Expectation of Relief from the French Squadron, ſuffered himſelf, Garriſon, and Inhabitants, to be reduced to the utmoſt Degree of Diſtreſs and Miſery for want of Proviſions. Col. Coote began the Siege about a Month before its Surrender; and the laſt Battery, conſiſting of 11 Twenty-four Pounders, which he raiſed, was within about 500 Yards of the Walls. In two Days after this they gave up the Place at Diſcretion. The 16th, in the Morning, at Eight o'Clock, a Company of Grenadiers took Poſſeſſion of the Villenour Gate; and on the 17th, at the ſame Time, Col. Coote, accompanied by Rear Admiral Corniſh, and the Captains Haldane and Tinker, took Poſſeſſion of the Citadel, on the Part of both Services, as they were ſo connected together in the Reduction of this important Conqueſt to his Majeſty's Arms, and to the Eaſt-India Company in particular.

He flatters himſelf, that the Zeal which hath ever animated him in the faithful Diſcharge of his Duty to his Royal Maſter and his Country, will meet with their Lordſhips Approbation; and he thinks it his Duty to acquaint their Lordſhips how well he is ſatisfied with the Conduct and Behaviour of Rear Admiral Corniſh, and the Captains of his Majeſty's Ships under his Command, in carrying on the public Service.

He alſo informs their Lordſhips, that on the firſt of January, a violent Storm of Wind coming on, he found it abſolutely neceſſary, for the Safety of his Majeſty's Ships to cut their Cables, and put to Sea, where he parted Company with the other Ships of his Squadron; and on the 14th, returning into Pondicherry Road, he had the Misfortune to find his Majeſty's Ship Duke of Aquitain had foundered about two Leagues to the Southward, and the Sunderland about two Leagues to the Northward of that Place, and moſt of the Crews periſhed. The Ships Newcaſtle and Queenborough, with the Protector Fireſhip, were drove aſhore and loſt, a little to the Southward of Ariancopang, but the People were ſaved; as alſo the Ordnance, and moſt of the Stores and Proviſions. Several of the other Ships ſuffered in the Storm; but with the Help of the Maſts, Yards and Stores ſaved from the wrecked Ships, and the aſſiſtance of the Squadron, they were in a very few Days compleatly fitted and put in a proper State for Service.

That having intercepted a Letter from Gen. Lally to M. Raymond, French Reſident at Pullicat, a Copy of which is hereafter added, the Admiral immediately diſpatched circular Letters to the Dutch and Daniſh Settlements, to acquaint them, that notwithſtanding the Repreſentations of General Lally, he had 11 Sail of his Britannic Majeſty's Ships of the Line, and two Frigates, under his Command, in Condition for Service, holding the Blockade of Pondicherry; and as that Place was cloſely inveſted and blockaded by Land and Sea; and as, in that Caſe, it was contrary to the Law of Nations, for any Neutral Power to give them any Succour or Relief, he had determined to ſeize any Veſſel or Boat that ſhould attempt to throw any Proviſions into that Place.

Tranſlation of an intercepted Letter from General Lally to Mr. Raymond, French Reſident at Pullicat, dated at Pondicherry, the 2d of January, 1761.

Mr. Raymond,

THE Engliſh Squadron is no more, Sir. Out of the 12 Ships they had in our Road, ſeven are loſt, Crews and All; the four others diſmaſted; and it appears, there is no more than one Frigate that hath eſcaped; therefore don't loſe an Inſtant to ſend us Chelingoes upon Chelingoes, loaded with Rice: The Dutch have nothing to fear now; beſides (according to the Rights of Nations) they are only to ſend us no Proviſions themſelves, and we are no more blocked up by Sea.

The ſaving of Pondicherry hath been in your Power once already: If you miſs the preſent Opportunity, it will be your Fault. Don't forget alſo ſome ſmall Chelingoes: Offer great Rewards: I expect 17000 Merattoes within theſe four Days. In ſhort, riſque all, attempt all, force all, and ſend us ſome Rice, ſhould it be but half a Garſe at a Time.

(Signed) LALLY.

[End of the London Gazette Extraordinary.]

BOSTON, *September* 21.

Laſt Tueſday Captain Darby arrived at Salem from Cadiz, by whom we have the following Intelligence, viz. That on the 12th of July laſt, Commodore Proby, in the Thunderer Man of War of 74 Guns, with the Modeſte of 64, the Thetis of 26, and the Terror Bomb of 14, being all at Anchor without Cadiz Bay, Orders were ſent to the Commodore from the Governor of Cadiz, for him to go to Sea, or come into the Bay amongſt the other Ships; but the Commodore chuſing rather to keep the Sea, than be confined to a Harbour, he weighed and ſtood out, leaving the two French Ships, the Achilles of 64 Guns, and the Buffoon of 34 Guns, at Anchor in the Bay.——On the 13th they ſtood in again for the Bay, to take a View of the French Ships, as uſual; but to their great Surprize could ſee nothing of them: On which the Commodore ordered Captain Chinery of the Terror, to go nigher into the Bay, and ſee if he could diſcern them; which he did, but to no Purpoſe, and meeting with a Spaniſh Fiſhing Boat (ſuppoſed to be ſent on Purpoſe) who told them the French Ships ſailed the Night before, and ſtood to the S. W. tho' at the ſame Time they had run up to the Carcas, and ſtruck their Topmaſts. On hearing the Ships had got out, the Commodore immediately gave Chace to the Weſtward, with his little Squadron. As ſoon as he was out of Sight the French got ready, and ſailed the next Night to the Weſtward, keeping along the Coaſt of Spain.

On the 16th Capt. Proby, after giving over the Chace, and ſtanding to the Eaſtward, off Cape St. Mary's, ſpied two Sail, which they gave Chace to, and about Eleven at Night the Thunderer came up with the Achilles, and engaged about 2 Glaſſes, when the Thunderer's Tiller-Rope was ſhot away, and the two Ships fell on board each other, and the French plying them with Stink-Pots, and ſmall Bags of Powder, which they had prepared, and throwing them into the lower Deck-Ports, blew up, and burnt the Thunderer's People in a moſt ſhocking Manner: On which Lieut. Leſley, with about 200 brave Fellows, boarded Monſieur, and took him, with the Loſs of 36 killed, and upwards of 90 wounded. The French Loſs could not be rightly aſcertained.——In the mean Time, the Thetis engaged and took the Buffoon, without the Loſs of a Man, altho' the Engagement laſted near two Hours. The French Loſs in the Frigate was 15 killed, and a Number wounded.——And on Saturday, the 18th of July, they arrived ſafe at Gibraltar, to the great Joy of all the Garriſon. The Buffoon is a new Frigate, launched at Breſt about ten Months ago; they were both fitted out by the Merchants to cruize on our Trade, and were the ſame Ships that took a Number of Veſſels on the Coaſt of Portugal the laſt Spring.

NEW-YORK, *September* 28.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend here, dated July 4, 1761, *the Authenticity of which is out of Doubt.*

"I have the Pleaſure to acquaint you, that laſt Saturday was determined by the Lords Commiſſioners of Prize Cauſes, the ſeveral Appeals depending upon the Engliſh Ships from Monto-Chriſti, taken by our Men of War, and condemned at Gibraltar, when their Lordſhips reverſed the Sentences of that Vice Admiralty Court, and ordered Reſtitution of Ships and Cargoes to the Appellants, or the FULL VALUE.

"After the Council for the Captors had harrangued, the Lords would not even ſuffer our Council to reply.—They obſerved, That they had already determined the Cauſe in the Caſe of the Don Pedro, a Dutch Ship, taken in her Paſſage from Monto-Chriſti; that they had declared it a Neutral Port to the Dutch, and of courſe it was ſo to us ——They further declared, That every Britiſh Subject had an undoubted Right of purchaſing French Produce in every Neutral Port in America, or Europe; and as the Appellants ſwore that they had not correſponded, directly or indirectly, with the French, the Lords ordered Reſtitution.

"I intend to ſend you by the firſt Conveyance from hence, three Caſes, with the Decrees; in the mean while I ſend you this Intelligence, that you may lay it before the Judge of your Court of Admiralty; and you will oblige me particularly, if you will take the firſt Opportunity of adviſing the Governor of Providence of it, in order that a Stop may be put to the iniquitous Practice of that Place, both as to our own, as well as Dutch Ships, which are by the Lords declared as free as our own.

Copy of a Decree extracted from the Regiſtry of the Court of Appeals for Prizes.

"*Saturday the 27th Day of June, in the Year of our Lord* 1761, *before the Right Hon. John Earl of Granville, Lord Preſident of his Majeſty's moſt Hon. Privy Council; the moſt Noble and Right Honourable Charles Duke of Queenſberry and Dover; George Earl of Cholmondeley; Hugh Viſcount Falmouth; John Lord Berkley of Stratton; William Lord Mansfield; Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench; Charles Townſend, Eſq; Sir Francis Dashwood, Bart. and George Lord Melcombe, Commiſſioners (among others) of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, for the Receiving, Hearing, and Determining of all Cauſes of Appeals as to Prizes, in the Privy Council Chamber at Whitehall, in the Preſence of Nathaniel Biſhop, Notary Public, Deputy Regiſter of the ſaid Court.*

The SHARP, RICHARD MAITLAND.

A Buſineſs of Appeal, and Complaint of Nullity, promoted by Richard Maitland, a Subject of our Sovereign Lord the King, the Maſter & Claimant of the ſaid Ship Sharp, and Goods therein, againſt Timothy Edwards, Eſq; Commander of his Majeſty's Ship or Frigate the Valeur, the Captor of the ſaid Ship and Goods.

GOSTLING, ALTHAM.

For Sentence on the ſecond Aſſignation and Information; which Day the Lords having heard the Proofs and Council on both Sides, by their final Decree or Sentence, reverſed the Sentence of the Vice Admiralty Court of Gibraltar, from whom the Cauſe was appealed, condemning Ship and Cargo; and pronounced the ſaid Ship and Cargo to belong as claimed, and decreed the ſame to be reſtored, or the full Value *thereof to be paid to the Claimants.*

(Signed) GODFLEE FARRANT, Regiſter of his Majeſty's high Court of Appeals for Prizes.

We hear from good Authority, That Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick has given Marſhal Broglio a ſevere Drubbing: The Particulars of this very glorious and unexpected Event, we hope ſoon to be able to communicate to the Public.

Extract of a Letter from Quebec, via Boſton.

"About a Fortnight ago the Britiſh Merchants of this Place preſented a Memorial to the Governor, complaining of the Hardſhips laid upon them in particular, as well as upon the Nation in general, by the 26th, 37th, and 48th Articles of the Capitulation of Canada. By theſe Articles the French have Liberty to export to France whatever Peltries they may have, without being confined to any one particular Time or Quantity, to which Purpoſe they are, moreover, to be found with Britiſh Veſſels at any Time. By this Means the French have got Poſſeſſion of the Fur Trade as fully as before the Conqueſt of Canada, and run no other Riſque than that of the Sea, in ſending it home; the Conſequence of which is, that the French Merchants being better acquainted with the Country than the Britiſh, the former ingroſs all the Fur Trade, and even import Goods of the Manufacture of France, by Way of Guernſey and Jerſey, by which Means they will always be enabled to ingroſs the Fur Trade, and laugh at all the Efforts of the Britiſh Merchants to ſhare it with them; ſo that if a Stop is not put to the French Exportation of Furs, and to their Importation of French Goods by Way of Guernſey and Jerſey, adieu to the Britiſh Trade in Canada; it will be in vain to import any Thing more than the Triſle that may be wanting for the Uſe of the Troops."—

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 25.

Laſt Week his Honour the Governor, with ſeveral other Gentlemen, ſet out for the Northward; and we hear he propoſes being back by the 10th of next Month.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 1.

Captain Stewart, from Hamburgh, informs us, that in the Gazette of that Place, of the 23d of July, there was an Account of an Engagement betwixt Part of Prince Ferdinand's Army, and Part of the French, in which the latter loſt, killed, and Priſoners, between Three and Four Thouſand Men.

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 8.

We hear from several Parts of the Country, of 8 or 10 Tobacco Houſes, full of Tobacco, being Burnt, during the late cloſe wet Weather, occaſioned by making of Fires in the Houſes, to keep the Tobacco from ſpoiling. Mr. *Thomas Sprigg* had a valuable Negro Fellow burnt in one of his Tobacco Houſes.

Laſt Saturday, as a Gentleman, with his Wife, and Two Small Children (the Eldeſt a little Boy about Five Years old) were going from *Patuxent* to *Weſt-River*, on a Viſit, the Chaiſe overſet, by going over a Stump, and the little Boy had his Thigh broke ſo that the Bone came thro' the Fleſh and Skin, and none were unhurt but the Infant, who by the ſudden Toſs was flung out on a Parcel of Leaves, and received no Damage.

Tueſday Evening laſt, the Hon. FRANCIS FAUQUIER Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of *Virginia*, with a Number of Gentlemen, came to Town, by Water, from *George-Town* having been to the Northward as far as *New-York*. And this Morning ſet Sail for his Government.

Monday the 2d Day of *November*, is fix'd for the Election of Four Repreſentatives for this County.

Yeſterday Afternoon, Mr. MIDDLETON, of this Place, return'd home in his Boat from *Virginia*. By him we are favour'd with the following great and important News; taken from an *Edinburgh* Gazette of the firſt of *Auguſt*, brought in there by Capt. *Scott*, in 8 Weeks from *Lochrain*:

"*St. James's, July* 22d. Arrived here Major *Weddenbourn*, diſpatched by Prince FERDINAND on Thurſday the 16th with the following Account, That on the 15th of *July* the *French* attacked the Allies on the Heights of *Kirchdenckern*, not far from *Hilſtrup*, begun at Ten in the Morning, and held till Nine at Night, when the Enemy gave Way in great Diſorder: The Prince ordered them to be attacked on their Retreat, which was done with ſo much Vigour, that the Enemy never could Form again, but threw down their Arms, and run off in the utmoſt Diſorder and Confuſion. When Major *Weddenbourn* came away, they had taken 12 Pair of Colours, 20 Pieces of Cannon, 3000 Priſoners, beſides a great Number of Officers, ſome of Diſtinction, and every Moment were bringing in more. The Marſhal Duke *de Broglio* commanded on the Right of the *French* Army."

A *London Gazette Extraordinary*, which Capt. *Scott* brought in, imported, "That the Victory obtained by Prince *Ferdinand* over the *French* Army, was the greateſt and moſt compleat that had been gained this War, and with very little Loſs on his Side."

About the Beginning of *September*, Six Ships ſail'd together from the Capes, but parted ſoon after, and only Three were together when they were attacked by a *French* Privateer, which took Two of them, Capt. *Curling*, who loaded in *Patowmack*, and Capt. *Brookes*, who loaded in *York* River. Captain *Errington*, in the *Fiſhbourne*, who was the other, was Three Times attacked by the Privateer, and as often beat her off, and is returned back to *Norfolk* to refit.

We have an Account by Mr. *Middleton*, that the Fleet had not ſail'd laſt Tueſday; the Wind having been Eaſterly for near Three Weeks. On Tueſday laſt about Three Afternoon, the Signal was made for unmooring, when they all got under Sail; but ſoon after, it became Calm, and he ſaw them come to an Anchor again; but as the Wind came fair again about Three o'Clock Yeſterday Morning, and continued ſo till Twelve or One at Noon, he thinks they ſail'd Yeſterday out of the Capes. He has favour'd us with a Liſt of the Ships, which we have not Room to inſert this Week. The Liſt was taken laſt Monday, there being then 110 Sail, beſides two Ships which he ſaw join them, who went down the Bay, and Two out of *James-River*.

For LONDON	57
BRISTOL	9
LIVERPOOL	8
WHITEHAVEN	6
GLASGOW	4
HULL	1
LEITH	1
LISBON	1
WEST-INDIES	23
	110

TICKETS in the PHILADELPHIA STREET LOTTERY, to be had at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Annapolis*. This Lottery will poſitively begin Drawing on Monday the Second of *November*.

The SCHEME.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Total Value.
1	of	3000	is	3000
1	of	1500	is	1500
1	of	1000	is	1000
1	of	750	is	750
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	250	are	750
5	of	200	are	1000
5	of	150	are	750
9	of	100	are	900
15	of	75	are	1125
50	of	50	are	2500
100	of	25	are	2500
50	of	20	are	1000
100	of	15	are	1500
3828	of	8	are	30624
4171 Prizes.		First drawn		51
8329 Blanks.		Laſt drawn		50

12,500 Tickets, at 4 Dollars, are 50,000

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY YOUNG NEGRO WOMAN. Enquire of the Subſcriber near *Lower-Marlborough*.

JOHN HAMILTON.

Bladenſburg, October 1ſt, 1761.

A SINGLE MAN, who underſtands Farming and the Management of Negroes, and who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Induſtry, will meet with great Encouragement as an Overſeer, for the enſuing Year, from

DAVID ROSS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subſcriber, Executor of WILLIAM DEACON, *Eſq; late of* St. Mary's *County, in the Province of* Maryland, *on* TUESDAY *the 17th of* November *next, at* St. Mary's, *for* London *Bills of Exchange*,

A TRACT of LAND containing about Ninety Acres, ſituate on *St. Mary's* River, on which is a large DWELLING-HOUSE, Four Rooms on a Floor, and fully compleat; likewiſe a good Kitchen, Office, and all other neceſſary Out-Houſes; and Four choice young SLAVES about 20 Years of Age, and a young Child. The Negroes will be ſold with or without the Land. The aforeſaid Land and Negroes are the Property of a Woman between 60 and 70 Years of Age during her natural Life.

Likewiſe another Tract of Land, formerly the Property of the aforeſaid *Deacon*, about a Mile and a Half diſtant from the aforeſaid Tract, containing Two Hundred and Thirty Acres, or thereabouts, lying on *St. Inegoes* Creek, and adjoining to the Land of Mr. *William Hicks*.

The Title may be known at any Time, by applying to

IGNATIUS FENWICK.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On Thurſday the 29th of October *Inſtant, at Mr.* Thomas Chittam's *Paſture, near* Bladenſburg *in* Prince-George's *County*,

A PURSE of TWENTY POUNDS, by any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, that never won a Prize of Five Pounds Value by running the Heats (full bred Horſes excepted).

And the Day following, the Sum of TEN POUNDS, on the ſame Terms as the firſt Day, (the winning Horſe the preceding Day only excepted).

Horſes Fourteen Hands to carry Nine Stone, and to raiſe or fall according to the common Rules of Racing. The Diſtance to be Run about Two Miles to a Heat, Three Times round the Poles, the Two Beſt Heats in Three to win the Race. The Entrance-Money the firſt Day Twenty Shillings, and Ten Shillings the ſecond Day. The Horſes to be Entered the Day before Running with Mr. *Thomas Chittam*, or to pay Double Entrance if Entered on the Day of Running.

All Differences that may ariſe, will be determined by Meſſieurs *Baſil Waring* and *John Hill*, who are appointed Judges.

The Horſes to ſtart preciſely by Two o'Clock each Day.

GOOD ENTERTAINMENT for Gentlemen at *Lower-Marlborough*, in a private Way. There they may depend on good Uſage, from

Their humble Servant,

PHILEMON YOUNG.

October 5th, 1761.

STOLEN from the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in the Fork of *Patuxent*, a likely Dark Bay Horſe, branded on the off Shoulder with Two ſmall Keys, laid acroſs each other, has not any white about him, 3 Years and a half old, paces wide benind, has a Sprig Tail, a hanging Mane, and a pretty large Head. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and ſecures him ſo that the Subſcriber may get him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken in this Province; and if out of it, Forty Shillings, or as much more as may make ample Satisfaction.

BENJAMIN GAITHER.

TAKEN up by *John Hedrick*, in *Charles-Town, Cæcil* County, an old Four Oar'd Boat, newly trimmed, and ſuppoſed to have been brought up the Bay by Three Runaway Sailors.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *David Watſon*, at *Anti-Eatam* in *Frederick* County, taken up as Strays, Two Bay Mares, the one very old, the other very young. They both have ſmall Stars in their Foreheads. The old Mare is branded on the left Shoulder thus I and paces naturally. The other is branded on the ſame Shoulder P D, and trots.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Anderſon*, at *Anti-Eatam* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, with a Blaze down her Face; but has not any viſible Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday the Eighteenth of November *next, at the Houſe of* Mr. Arthur Charlton *in* Frederick-Town, Frederick *County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Mr. *James Wardrop*, deceaſed.

One Tract of Land called *Hazard*, containing	790	Acres.
One Ditto called *Partnerſhip*,	280	
—— —— *Dearbought*,	500	
—— —— *Wooden Platter*,	327	
—— —— *Brentford*,	35	
—— —— *Oxford*,	54	
—— —— *Cool Spring*,	75	
—— —— *Bloomſbury*,	104	
—— —— *John's Delight*,	104	
—— —— *Pine Hill*,	90	
—— —— *Nut Spring*,	114	
—— —— *Red Oak Level*,	100	

All lying in *Frederick* County.

At the ſame Time will be Sold to the higheſt Bidder, Part of a Tract of Land called *Exchange and new Exchange enlarged*, containing about 700 Acres, lying in *Frederick* County, near *Thomas Davis*'s Tavern.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES DICK.

Port-Tobacco, Sept. 28th, 1761.

A LARGE Quantity of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, lately Imported from *LONDON* and *GLASGOW*, and very well aſſorted, to be Sold on the very loweſt Terms, in Lumping Parcels, for Bills of Exchange, *Maryland* or *Virginia* Currency, or for Tobacco at reaſonable Rates, by

ROBERT MUNDELL.

Charles County, *October* 1ſt, 1761.

THE Subſcriber has a large Quantity of TOBACCO, of good Weight, on *Patuxent* and *Patowmack*, for Sale; alſo a Parcel of NEGROES at his own Houſe, either for Ready or next Year's Pay; likewiſe ſome Horſes to diſpoſe of; and Land to Leaſe for a Dozen or Fifteen Years.

SAMUEL HANSON.

September 29, 1761.

The Ship GENERAL WOLFE,

JOHN POULTON, MASTER,

IS now lying in *Patuxent* River, off Mr. *John Stone Hawkins*'s Store, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſign'd to Meſſrs. *Lander & Dingman*, Merchants in *Liverpool*, or giving Liberty of Conſignment to any Merchant there.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ſhip Tobacco, may, for further Particulars, enquire of *Joſeph Mullan*, or the ſaid Maſter on Board.

N. B. To be Sold by the ſaid *Mullan*, a large Quantity of White SALT, good *Cheſhire* Cheeſe, *Liverpool* Ale (*Williamſon*'s), and a choice Parcel of Dry GOODS, conſiſting of *Iriſh* Linens, 8ths Sheeting, Oſnabrigs, Cottons, Frizes, Hard Ware, Saddlery, and Nails.

The SHIP

ELIZABETH and ANNA,

LYING in the North-Weſt Branch of *Patapſco*, takes in TOBACCO at Eight Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſign'd to Meſſieurs ROBERT and JAMES CHRISTIE, Merchants in *London*.

TO BE SOLD,

For Bills of Exchange or Sterling Coſh,

A TRACT of Land, called *Gaſſaway's Addition*, containing 280 Acres, lying within two Miles of Mr. *Onion*'s Works. Thoſe who are inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid Land, by applying to the Subſcriber on *Elk-Ridge*, may be further informed as to Particulars.

NICHOLAS GASSAWAY, Son of *Thomas*.

ALL Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of Capt. *Joſeph Belt*, junior, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in duly Proved; and thoſe Indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to

EDWARD SPRIGG, Executor.

CHOICE *WEST-INDIA* RUM,

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, in the Sloop *Alexander, John Bruce*, Master, from *St. Christophers*, and to be Sold very cheap, for Cash or Bills, Wholesale, or by the single Hogshead, by Mr. *Henry Tubman* at *Benedict*, or the Subscriber at *Nottingham*. THOMAS CAMPBELL.

STOLEN from the Subscriber living in *Frederick-Town, Frederick* County, in the Night between the 25th and 26th of *August* last, a likely Bay Horse about 15 Hands high, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock C S, has four white Feet, is shod all round, a Star in his Forehead and a Snip on his Nose.

He is suppos'd to be Stolen by a Pedlar, a *Dutchman*, named *Andrew Hogstatt*.

Whoever takes up said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Two Pistoles Reward; and for securing the Thief, so that he may be brought to Justice, Three Pistoles, and all reasonable Charges, paid by CONRAD GROSH.

N. B. If any Body will give Notice where the Horse is, so that I may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, C. G

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge* in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 14th Day of *August* last, a Convict Servant Man named *John Todd*, a thick, well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, short yellow Hair and red Beard, has a down-cast sulky Look, and speaks in the Country Dialect. Had on and took with him, an old Duroy Coat lined with white Tammy, a brown Cloth ditto, a red Broad Cloth Waistcoat, a spotted Swanskin ditto, Buckskin Breeches almost new, new Hempen Roll Trowsers, white and Osnabrigs Shirts, old Country made Shoes, and a Felt Hat.

It's probable he may change his Apparel.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Pounds Reward, paid by JOHN DORSEY.

THERE is in the Possession of *Joseph Hardman*, in *Frederick-Town, Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 11 or 12 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder W, and on the near Buttock P R, a few white Hairs in his Forehead, hanging Mane, and Switch Tail.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WANTED,

A BLACKSMITH, who understands Plantation Work. Such an one will meet with extraordinary Encouragement, to settle near *Patowmack*, and will have constant Employ, and a good Plantation to live on.

Enquire at the Printing-Office.

Philadelphia, August 6, 1761.

For the Encouragement of the BREED of FINE HORSES:

ON the 14th Day of *October* will be Run for, on the Race Ground called the Center of this City,

A Purse of FIFTY PISTOLES,

Free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying 10 Stone, Saddle and Bridle included, the best of Three Heats, Three Times round the Course each Heat.

The Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that winneth any Two Heats, shall be intitled to the Purse.

Any Rider that is detected in jostling, crossing, or using any foul Play, shall be deemed Distanced, and have no Title to the Purse, even tho' he wins the best of Three Heats.

All Horses, Mares, or Geldings, that run for this Purse, are to be shewn and entered at the House of Mr. *Peter Robeson*, at the Sign of the *White Horse* in this City, Four Days before the Race, and to pay Six Dollars Entrance, or Twelve Dollars if entered at the Post.

The Entrance Money will be Run for on the 15th by all the Horses, except the one that wins the Purse, and those that may be Distanced.

WANTED,

A PERSON capable of Teaching Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic. Such a One will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to *Richard Chew* at *Herring-Bay*.

IMPORTED *from* LONDON,

In the Ship Baltimore, *Captain* Halbert Hanson, *in* July *last, and to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *near the new Wharf, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A NEAT Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, suitable to either Summer or Winter Seasons.

JOHN MOALE.

TO BE RUN FOR, 5

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON Tuesday the Twentieth of *October* Instant, the best in Three Heats, each Heat three Rounds, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the Sum of THIRTY POUNDS: Each Horse, *&c.* to carry 126 *lbs.* and to pay Forty Shillings Entrance Money, or Twenty Shillings to Subscribers, and to be Entered the Day before Running, with Mr. *Brookes*, or Mr. *Scott*.

And on the Day following will be Run for, on the same Race-Ground, by any Horse, *&c.* (the winning Horse the first Day excepted) the Entrance Money, and what else shall be made up by Subscription, to carry 126 *lbs.*

Entrance the second Day Twenty Shillings, or Ten Shillings to Subscribers.

Pistoles, Dollars, or *Pennsylvania* Money to be received and paid.

All Disputes arising to be settled by Judges to be appointed before the Day of Running.

TO BE RUN FOR, X6

On Thursday the Fifteenth of October, *at* JOPPA *in* BALTIMORE *County*,

A PRIZE of THIRTY POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the Best of Three Heats, Two Rounds to each Heat, to carry 126 *lbs.* The Horses, *&c.* to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and to be Entered with Mr. *Henry James* Three Days before the Race, or to pay double Entrance.

On Friday the 16th, a PRIZE of FIFTEEN POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, (the winning Horse the preceding Day excepted) to carry the same Weight. Each Horse, *&c.* to pay Fifteen Shillings Entrance, and to be Entered the Day before the first Race, or not allowed to Enter.

And on Saturday will be Run for, on the same Ground and Distance, by any Colts not exceeding four Years old last Spring, all the Entrance Money of the two preceding Days, and to catch Riders.

TO BE RUN FOR, X6

On the Third Thursday in October *Inst. on the usual Race-Ground near* GEORGE-TOWN, *in* Frederick *County*,

A PURSE of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that never started further than a Quarter of a Mile for any Sum.

And, on the Day following, the Entrance Money of both Days, and what other Money may be made up, on the same Terms as the first Day (the winning Horse the preceding Day only excepted). Horses 14 Hands high to carry Nine Stone, and to raise or fall according to the common Rules of Racing.

The Distance to be Run about Two Miles to a Heat, Three Times round the Poles, the two best Heats in three to win the Race.

Three Horses to Start or no Race.

The Entrance Money the first Day Twenty Shillings, and Ten Shillings the second Day.

The Horses to be Entered the Day before Running, with Messieurs *Joseph Belt* and *John Orme*, or pay double Entrance if entered the Day of Running.

All Differences that may arise will be determined by Messieurs *Thomas Johns* and *Walter Evans*, who are appointed Managers.

The Horses to Start precisely by 11 o'Clock.

WANTED, 7

A SOBER Industrious Man for an Ostler, and other Business, in a Public House. Such a One will meet with good Encouragement, besides the Vails, which are considerable. Apply to either of the Printers hereof.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Upper-Marlborough*, on the 26th of *February* last, a Country-born Negro Fellow named *Anthony*, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kersey, and Swanskin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been used to work on board Ships in *Patuxent* River, and it is supposed is somewhere thereabout.

Whoever will take up the said Negro, and bring him home, shall have Forty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, if taken in the County, and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beside what the Law allows, paid by JOHN GANTT.

June 8th, 1761.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, near *Port-Tobacco* in *Charles* County, on the 23d of last Month, a middle-siz'd White Horse, paces naturally, has a bob Tail, and a ridge Mane. Whether he is branded or not, is uncertain. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have a Reward of Twenty Shillings, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN HANSON, junior.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in *Frederick-Town, Frederick* County, to consist of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, *viz.*

Number of Prizes.		Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	300	are	600
3	of	150	are	450
4	of	100	are	400
10	of	50	are	500
12	of	40	are	480
20	of	30	are	600
35	of	20	are	700
200	of	8	are	1600
900	of	5	are	4500

1187 Prizes. First drawn Ticket 40
2813 Blanks. Last drawn Ticket 30
Sum raised 1600

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 2½ Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 *per Cent* on the whole.

As a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged, the Drawing will be in *October* next, or sooner, if sooner full, in the Court-House of said County, of which sufficient Notice will be given in this Gazette.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs *Christopher Edelin, Stephen Ransburg, James Dickson, Thomas Schley, Conrad Grosh, Casper Shaaff, Thomas Price, Samuel Swearingen, Valentine Adam*, and *William Kimbol*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

A List of the Prizes will be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence *Pennsylvania* Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same Currency is to pass upon the same Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, *for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds*, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per *Order*,
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.